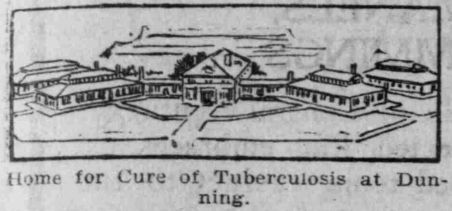


BIG COUNTY CHARITY

HOW THE POOR OF CHICAGO ARE BEING CARED FOR.

MILLION DOLLARS A YEAR

Such Is the Sum the Tax Payers Are Spending for the Indigent Classes—Where the Money Goes.



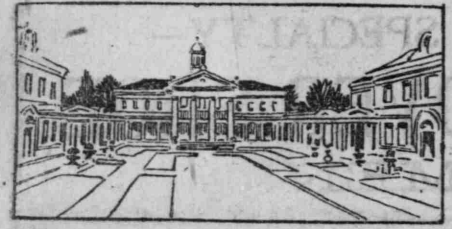
Home for Cure of Tuberculosis at Dunning.

Chicago.—Upon its needy of nearly two and one-half millions of people Cook county is expending each year practically a round million of dollars in various forms of charity. This is the contribution to the poor of the county government, and does not include the sums expended either by the city or by the various charitable organizations. Neither does it include the amounts expended year after year for buildings for the charitable institutions.

This vast sum of money goes to care for many classes of the indigent poor. It cares for the insane at Dunning; it heals the wounds of the afflicted at the Cook county hospital; it provides food for the hungry and coal for the cold through the medium of the county agent, and it buries the pauper dead.

From the standpoint of the sociological student there are few more interesting places than Dunning. Within the protecting walls of its many buildings hundreds of insane are cared for at all times. To it the poor are sent, there to complete their allotted days surrounded by such necessities, if not luxuries, as the public can bestow. There one may find the representatives of all nations and all peoples. The latest addition to this remarkable institution is the hospital for indigent consumptives, built upon the most modern lines, with fresh air and sunshine to be had from every side. Within this building about 160 patients may be accommodated at one time. These patients, come from the overcrowded and infected slums. They are the victims of the sweat shops and the dust-ridden factories. The sunlight and fresh air of Dunning gives to them their one chance for life. Here they are surrounded by such luxuries, provided at public expense, as they have not known before.

The Insane.



Cottages for the Insane at Dunning.

More pitiful in their helplessness than the consumptives are the insane. Many of them with reason driven out by the troubles that beset the poor of a large city, the, to them, unsolvable problem of providing food, clothing and shelter for families and self in the midst of competition that is both nerve and muscle wracking.

Unlike the new conditions in the state prisons these poor demented souls are not left to think of their troubles. Such of them as are physically able to work are provided with tasks that come as a greater boon than shelter, food and clothing could possibly be alone. A spacious farm provides employment for the great majority of those able to work. On this farm is raised, by the help of these workers, much of the vegetables that are needed for the tables, much of the feed for the cows and horses necessary to the maintenance of the place. For the workers a pleasant cottage of commodious size, 54x80 feet and two stories high, has been built. In addition to the employed farm hands, the truck gardener and his family, this building will accommodate about 45 of the mentally deficient workers. Within it are provided smoking rooms, lounging rooms, toilet rooms, living rooms and large air dormitories for the patients. Around it may be found all the evidences of farm life, chickens, hogs, cattle, barns and sheds. Both inside and out it is ideal for its purpose. Here the boon of work takes from the situation in which these unfortunates find themselves many of the terrors that would otherwise surround the very idea of being a public charge.

The less fortunate, those whose troubles are so serious as to prevent them from working, are equally well provided for in pretty cottages, the surroundings of which are as ideal as the purpose for which they are used makes it possible to make them.

Cook County Hospital.



Farm Cottage at Dunning.

Imagine, if you can, a hospital in which more than 22,000 cases are treated in a year, a hospital so large that its buildings cover four city blocks, and you have the Cook county hospital, located in the center of the West side of Chicago, and but a short distance from the largest ghetto district of the city.

The history of this great institution for the treatment of the poor is interesting, and in a way is illustrative of the

growth of the city. Its beginning may be said to date from 1866, when the county commissioners leased two wards in the city hospital, in which could be accommodated 12 patients. The beginning of the present series of buildings came in 1875, but little more than a quarter of a century ago, when two pavilions were erected. From that time to the present the institution has grown in size with remarkable speed. The latest buildings to be added are one for the treatment of contagious diseases, and another for the care of children. In the former of these two 160 patients may be accommodated at one time, and in the latter 100 little tots may find opportunity to recover from their afflictions, assisted in the struggle by the best that medical science can offer. From its beginning in 1866, with accommodations for 12 patients, the hospital has grown to be one of the largest and best appointed institutions of its kind in the world. Its employees of doctors, internes and nurses number several hundred. The privilege of serving an internship here is fought for by the medical students of the city, and fortunate are those considered who pass sufficiently high in their studies to land the coveted prize.

The Cases Treated.



Children's Building at County Hospital.

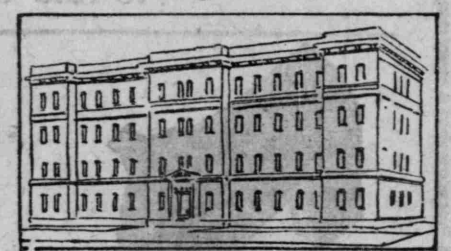
It is interesting, even though somewhat gruesome, to study the statistics of the cases treated at this great hospital. This may be done from a tabulated statement recently issued by the warden, which represents a year in which a total of 22,227 cases of all kinds were treated. The warden in commenting on this tabulated statement says: "Not only among medical cases, but far beyond any other disease or condition enumerated in our list, pneumonia, with a total of 1,117 and a death record of 536, stands out most prominently. This is but another bit of evidence of the alarming extent of this scourge. The figures show a mortality of almost 50 per cent.

"Among medical cases, rheumatism follows pneumonia in number of cases. To its credit are given 541. Tuberculosis, with 534, does not quite equal the number of deaths from pneumonia, and gives a very interesting comparison between these two diseases. Typhoid fever shows a total of 429 and syphilis 363, being quite noteworthy in point of numbers.

"On the surgical side, fractures show the greatest number of cases, ranging close to a thousand. The actual number on record is 931, of which 866 are simple and 65 compound. This division may not be exact, as all cases reported simply as fractures, in which compound was not specified, were classified under the head of simple fractures. It will be seen by a glance at the table that nearly all varieties of fractures are included in the record. Scalp wounds show a total of 574, while contused, gunshot, lacerated, incised and punctured wounds are all numerous.

"Cellulitis has 240 and erysipelas 192. Hernia has 224 to its credit, and appendicitis 145. It is more probable that a considerable number of the 54 cases under peritonitis were originally due to appendicitis."

Feeding the Poor.



Hospital for Contagious Diseases, County Hospital.

Quite as interesting as either the institutions at Dunning or the Cook county hospital is what is called the out-door relief work of the county government, consisting of feeding, clothing and warming the poor who apply for assistance of this kind. In this work \$114,000 was expended in 1903, and the best method of illustrating what this means may be by quoting a few items from the report of the county's charity agent for that year:

"Provisions and coal were supplied from one to 12 times during the year to 6,811 families.

"Two million forty-two thousand four hundred and eighty-nine pounds of provisions were distributed during the year.

"Three thousand and four pairs of shoes were given children, to enable them to attend school.

"Two thousand nine hundred and fifty-four widows and 801 deserted women, 95 per cent. of whom have families of young children to support, were recipients of relief from one to 12 times in each case during the year.

"Of the 3,056 married couples, widowers and single persons, 1,734 of such cases who are heads of families are over 50 and up to 100 years of age, 1,322 cases being under 50 years of age.

"Sixteen thousand six hundred and six children under 16 years of age, and 9,304 adults, making up the total of the above 26,110 families.

"Seven hundred and fifty-three of the 6,811 families are those of veterans of the civil war.

"Six thousand two hundred and ninety-one adults and children were given medical attention by our medical staff, and medicine was supplied 2,707 times.

"One thousand seven hundred and sixteen persons were sent to the county infirmary, poorhouse and hospital for consumptives.

WRIGHT A. PATTERSON.

A DOUBLE MURDER.

Mother and Child Thrown Into an Old Well.

The Latter Dead When Found, But the Former Lingered Several Hours—Young Man Arrested and Held as a Suspect.

Newcastle, Ind., July 12.—Mrs. William Starbuck, the victim of Saturday night's criminal assault near Greensboro, died at 4 o'clock Monday morning.

Upon the return home of the woman's husband Saturday night he found his wife and little baby missing and the house in disorder, indicating that a struggle had taken place. He instituted a search and found his wife and child in an abandoned well near by. The infant was dead but the woman was still alive and hysterical and could give no account of what had happened. She soon lapsed into unconsciousness and remained so until an hour before her death Monday morning. Bloodhounds were put on the trail of the murderers but without results.

Officers and searchers abandoned the chase Sunday night after dark and are awaiting the arrival of detectives. Coroner C. W. Wright conducted a post-mortem examination Monday morning on the body of the child and found it had been drowned. There will be no post-mortem examination made upon the body of the mother as her physical condition prior to death clearly indicated that death was due directly to acute congestion of the lungs, due to exposure while in the water. Dr. B. F. Patten was first called in the case and remained in attendance until her death. He stated that arteries in her lungs had burst owing to extreme exercise of the lungs while calling for help. The woman was racked in mind and did not utter a responsible sentence for several hours. At 3 o'clock Monday morning, an hour before her death, when death cramps were gathering, the doctor made an effort to learn from her if possible who committed the crime. She became conscious and replied to all questions intelligently and said:

"Some men carried me away through the window," and indicated the window by a look. When the vital question was put to her as to who it was she lapsed into unconsciousness and could not answer. She again came to and weakly drew her husband down and put her arms around his neck. She became unconscious and died without a struggle.

The double funeral will be held from the Friends' church Tuesday at 2 p. m. Both bodies are in the same coffin.

The county commissioners will be asked to appropriate \$1,000 reward for apprehension of the guilty party. It is now thought rape was the motive for the crime and they are working on that line.

Upon the request of William Starbuck, husband and father of the dead woman and child, Haley Gape, 21 years old, was arrested Tuesday night and quietly taken to Newcastle and placed in jail, where he is being held as a suspect, on suspicion of having guilty knowledge of the supposed murder.

During the inquest which was held Monday it was found that there were several bruises on the baby's throat.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN LEAGUE.

The Convention Will Be Held in Indianapolis October 5-6.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 12.—Sid B. Redding, of Little Rock, Ark., treasurer of the National Republican league, was in the city Monday to engage headquarters for Arkansas and the southwest for the national convention of the league, which will take place in Indianapolis October 5 and 6.

Delegations from the southwest will be unusually large this year on account of the fact that Indianapolis is the home of Senator Fairbanks, the republican nominee for vice president.

GUATEMALAN ANTS.

They Promptly Destroy the Boll Weevils and Texas Ants.

Washington, July 12.—The effectiveness of the Guatemalan ants in checking the ravages of the boll weevils in the cotton fields has been tested and Mr. Cook, the expert of the department of agriculture, in a telegram to Secretary Wilson Monday, announces that the ants promptly destroyed the weevils and the Texas red ants as well.

Used Kerosene to Kindle Fire.

Walworth, Wis., July 12.—Three lives were lost Monday in a fire near this village. Carelessness in an endeavor to replenish a kitchen fire by the aid of kerosene started the blaze, burned a young woman who was at work over the stove, and two children, together with the home of Chris Holtz, a farmer, four miles west of here.

Lunch Counter Cars.

Chicago, July 12.—An innovation in the form of lunch counter cars has been adopted by the Pere Marquette road on its resort trains. General Passenger Agent Moeller, who conceived the idea, has received the warm thanks of his patrons.

Changes Its Politics.

Chicago, July 12.—The Chicago Chronicle, which has been generally considered a democratic newspaper, will announce formally in its issue that it will hereafter appear as a republican newspaper.

HIS CAREER ENDED.

Golden Rule Jones, Mayor of Toledo, Passes Away.

Toledo, O., July 13.—Samuel M. Jones, "The Golden Rule Mayor," died at his home Tuesday evening as the result of a complication of diseases. The immediate cause of his death was an abscess on his lungs. When this abscess broke the mayor was not strong enough to throw off the poison from his system and death resulted. The mayor had suffered for years from asthma and this was the primary cause of his fatal illness. The death of Mayor Jones has caused the greatest sorrow all over the city. Although many did not believe in his ideas on sociological problems, everybody loved and respected him. His one great stronghold with the people of Toledo was his honesty.

The mayor was taken ill two weeks ago last Thursday and for the last 48 hours previous to his death, was in a comatose condition. He did not regain consciousness during that time. All the members of his family were at his bedside at the time of his death. He leaves a widow and three sons, Percy, Paul and Mason Jones. He will be succeeded as mayor by Robert Finch, president of the city council.

The remains of Mayor Jones will lie in state at Memorial hall on Thursday and Friday until noon and the funeral services will be held at the residence on Friday afternoon at 1 o'clock. The remains will rest on the veranda and the addresses will be made from the veranda. The lawn will be open to all. The pallbearers will be selected from his employees.

Samuel Milton Jones, known all over America as "Golden Rule" Jones, was born in Wales in 1846. His parents came to America and settled in New York state when Mr. Jones was but three years old. Up to the time Mr. Jones was 16 years old he worked at anything he could find to do, during the summer, and attended school each winter for a few months.

In the spring of 1897 came his first introduction to political life. The republican party was split into three factions each with a candidate for mayor. At the convention two factions saw the necessity of uniting to prevent the third from winning out and Mr. Jones was selected as the man on whom both could unite, who would be strong enough with the workingmen. After a struggle in the convention Mr. Jones secured the nomination and in the election that followed was elected by a small plurality. His administration of the office, while honest and efficient, did not suit the different factions in the republican party, however, and when his term expired he was refused a renomination. Mr. Jones then appealed to the people as an independent candidate. In the election that followed he carried every precinct in the city but one and polled 70 per cent. of the entire vote cast. He was renominated by petition in 1901, the democratic party leaving the place of mayor blank in his favor, and he was elected for a third term by a handsome plurality. In 1903 he was again renominated by petition and with both a republican and a democratic candidate against him was elected again mayor of Toledo.

By the terms of the election bill passed by the Ohio legislature last winter his term of office was extended until January, 1906.

In 1899 Mayor Jones was nominated for governor by petition as a non-partisan and polled over 100,000 votes, carrying the cities of Toledo and Cleveland by large pluralities.

ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

One Hundredth Anniversary of His Death Observed.

New York, July 13.—The 100th anniversary of the death of Alexander Hamilton was observed in this city Tuesday. A brief service was held at his tomb in Trinity churchyard. On the site of the Grange, his country house, on Washington Heights, more formal exercises were held under the auspices of a joint committee representing the Society of the Cincinnati, the Sons of the American Revolution and other patriotic and historical societies. The three surviving generations of the family were represented and several addresses were delivered. On July 12, 1804, just 100 years ago Tuesday, Alexander Hamilton, of New York, died from the effects of a bullet wound inflicted by Aaron Burr in a duel fought the day before.

Coining Mexican Dollars.

Mexico City, July 13.—It is believed that with its new machinery the mint will be capable of coining dollars fast enough for the demand which has been increased by heavy shipments to Japan and the far east.

Forty-Two Buildings Burned.

Wilmington, Del., July 13.—Fire Tuesday night destroyed 42 buildings in the business and residence section of Millington, Md., causing a loss of about \$200,000, partly insured. Not a store remains in the town.

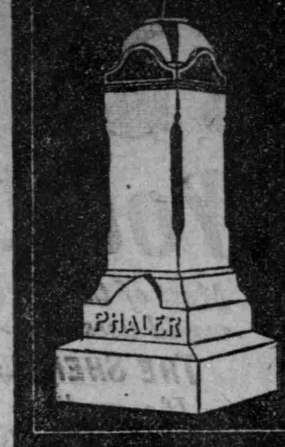
Preparing for the Campaign.

Elkins, W. Va., July 13.—Henry G. Davis, democratic candidate for vice president, still refuses to give any interviews. Since Sunday he has been working almost continuously clearing up his business affairs for the campaign.

Speak in Praise of Ex-Senator Davis.

Mexico City, Mex., July 13.—The Mexican papers all speak in praise of ex-Senator Davis, the democratic candidate for vice president, who was a member of the Pan-American congress in session here.

RECALL



For loved one who have passed, demands the erection of a fitting Memorial.

We have the largest stock of Medium priced Monuments, Makers and Head-

stones in the State. Our collection of Artistic, Original and Executive designs cannot be surpassed, while our prices are known to be right.

We employ the most skilled workmen, and with the use of CLECTRICITY and PNEUMATIC TOOLS, we can fill orders with the greatest promptness.

Fine lettering a specialty.

None Better.

None Cheaper.

WM. ADAMS & SON.,
LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY.

Constipation! Is Yours of Long Standing?

Never mind, we take all the chances—your money refunded if a cure is not effected.

DR. CARLSTEDT'S GERMAN LIVER POWDER

has had fifteen years of unparalleled sale, because the above has been our iron-clad, changeless guarantee from the first. Yet not once during these years have we had a bottle returned or a failure reported.

We Have Cured Thousands! Thousands of cases given up by the doctors, thousands whose sufferings have been of many tedious years' standing. Sick Headache, Stomach or Bowel troubles, Constipation or Piles are cured by a single bottle of Dr. Carlstedt's German Liver Powder. \$1.00 size, which equals six 25c trial size bottles. This is the one greatest remedy that dispenses with doctor bills, long spells of sickness and consequent sufferings. Listen to Nature's warnings and be prepared! Dr. Carlstedt's German Liver Powder goes right to the spot; there is nothing in medicine like it. It is made right—we have the secret and we look carefully to its protection, for it is worth millions of money to the people. Don't accept substitutes.

In case your druggist happens to be out of it we will send it to you direct.

\$1.00 Per Bottle. Trial Size 25c.

THE AMERICAN PHARMACAL CO., Manufacturing Chemists, Evansville, Ind.

FOR SALE BY W. T. BROOKS.

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—becomes a pleasure. \$1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio. W. T. BROOKS, Druggist.

Cascara Sagrada IN THE ESTIMATION OF OUR BEST PHYSICIANS IS THE MOST BENEFICIAL OF ALL DRUGS IN THE TREATMENT OF CONSTIPATION.

Lyons Laxative Syrup

Is made of Cascara Sagrada and other drugs that are equally as beneficial in the treatment of indigestion, biliousness and all stomach and bowel troubles (arising from constipation.)

VERY PLEASANT TO TAKE AND DOES NOT GRIPE.

25 and 50c Bottles. Ask your Druggist.

G. S. VARDEN, Druggist.

HEALTH AND VITALITY DR. MOTT'S NERVE-PILLS The great remedy for nervous prostration and all diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every \$5 order we guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio. W. T. BROOKS, Druggist.

Steam Bailer. Railroad Time Card.

I am prepared to bail hay, straw, etc., at reasonable terms. I have the best steam bailer in Central Kentucky and can do the work right. Your patronage solicited.

CHAS. BARNETT,
Paris, Ky.

Elite Barber Shop.

CARL CRAWFORD,

Proprietor.

COLD

and

HOT

BATHS.

Only First-Class Barbers Employed.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS AT PARIS.

From Cincinnati—10:58 am; 5:38 pm; 8:45 pm.
From Lexington—5:11 am; 7:45 pm; 8:23 pm; 8:10 pm.
From Richmond—8:05 am; 7:50 am; 8:18 pm.
From Maysville—7:40 am; 8:15 pm.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM PARIS.

To Cincinnati—5:15 am; 7:55 am; 8:30 pm.
To Lexington—7:50 am; 11:05 am; 6:40 pm; 9:49 p. m.
To Richmond—11:10 am; 5:38 pm; 9:51 pm.
To Maysville—8:00 am; 6:30 pm.

FRANKFORT & CINCINNATI.

Arr. from Frankfort—8:30 am; 3:35 pm; 8:30 pm.
Lve. for Frankfort—9:30 am; 5:42 pm.
All F. & C. trains arrive and depart from L. & N. Station.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared to cure Piles and DOES IT in short order. Easy to apply, every box guaranteed, 50c and \$1.00. All druggists or by mail.

WILLIAMS' MED. CO.,

Cleveland, O.

Sold by W. T. Brooks.

(6m-17c)